

Amendment

January Session, 2013

LCO No. 7885

HB0670107885HD0

Offered by: REP. FOX, 146th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6701**

File No. 743

Cal. No. 522

"AN ACT CONCERNING CHILD ENDANGERMENT WHILE OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS."

- Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. Section 53-21 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):
 - (a) Any person who (1) wilfully or unlawfully causes or permits any child under the age of sixteen years to be placed in such a situation that the life or limb of such child is endangered, the health of such child is likely to be injured or the morals of such child are likely to be impaired, or does any act likely to impair the health or morals of any such child, or (2) has contact with the intimate parts, as defined in section 53a-65, of a child under the age of sixteen years or subjects a child under sixteen years of age to contact with the intimate parts of such person, in a sexual and indecent manner likely to impair the health or morals of such child, or (3) permanently transfers the legal or

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15 physical custody of a child under the age of sixteen years to another 16 person for money or other valuable consideration or acquires or 17 receives the legal or physical custody of a child under the age of 18 sixteen years from another person upon payment of money or other 19 valuable consideration to such other person or a third person, except in 20 connection with an adoption proceeding that complies with the 21 provisions of chapter 803, or (4) violates any provision of subsection (a) 22 of section 14-227a while a child under sixteen years of age is a 23 passenger in the motor vehicle, shall be guilty of (A) a class D felony 24 for a violation of subdivision (4) of this subsection, (B) a class C felony 25 for a violation of subdivision (1) or (3) of this subsection, and (C) a 26 class B felony for a violation of subdivision (2) of this subsection, 27 except that, if the violation is of subdivision (2) of this subsection and 28 the victim of the offense is under thirteen years of age, such person 29 shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of which five years of the 30 sentence imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (b) The act of a parent or agent leaving an infant thirty days or younger with a designated employee pursuant to section 17a-58 shall not constitute a violation of this section.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (g) of section 14-36 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 36 1, 2014):
- 37 (g) The commissioner may place a restriction on the motor vehicle 38 operator's license of any person or on any special operator's permit 39 issued to any person in accordance with the provisions of section 14-40 37a, as amended by this act, that restricts the holder of such license or 41 permit to the operation of a motor vehicle that is equipped with an 42 approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j, for 43 such time as the commissioner shall prescribe, if such person has: 44 [been: (1) Convicted] (1) Been convicted for a first or second time of a 45 violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 14-227a, and has 46 served not less than forty-five days of the prescribed period of 47 suspension for such conviction, in accordance with the provisions of

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48 subsections (g) and (i) of section 14-227a, as amended by this act; (2) 49 been ordered by the Superior Court not to operate any motor vehicle 50 unless it is equipped with an approved ignition interlock device, in 51 accordance with the provisions of section 14-227j; (3) been granted a 52 reversal or reduction of such person's license suspension or revocation, 53 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (i) of section 14-111; (4) 54 been issued a motor vehicle operator's license upon the surrender of an 55 operator's license issued by another state and such previously held 56 license contains a restriction to the operation of a motor vehicle 57 equipped with an ignition interlock device; (5) been convicted of a 58 violation of section 53a-56b or 53a-60d; [or] (6) been permitted by the 59 commissioner to be issued or to retain an operator's license subject to 60 reporting requirements concerning such person's physical condition, in 61 accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) of this section and 62 sections 14-45a to 14-46g, inclusive; or (7) had such person's operator's 63 license suspended under subsection (i) of section 14-227b, as amended by this act, and has served not less than forty-five days of the 64 65 prescribed period of such suspension.

- Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 14-37a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 88 1, 2014):
 - (b) The commissioner may, in the commissioner's discretion upon a showing of significant hardship, grant each such application that is submitted in proper form and contains such information and attestation by the applicant as the commissioner may require. With respect to an application for an education permit, an applicant shall also be required to submit a schedule of the time and location of all classes or other required educational activities attended by such applicant. Such schedule shall be attested to by the registrar of such educational institution. In determining whether to grant such application, the commissioner may also consider the driving record of the applicant and shall ascertain that the suspension is a final order that is not under appeal pursuant to section 4-183. A special operator's permit shall not be issued pursuant to this section to any person for the

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82 operation of a motor vehicle for which a public passenger 83 transportation permit or commercial driver's license is required or to 84 any person whose operator's license has been suspended previously 85 pursuant to section 14-227a, as amended by this act, or 14-227b, as 86 amended by this act. [A special operator's permit shall not be issued 87 pursuant to this section to any person whose operator's license has 88 been suspended pursuant to subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of 89 subsection (i) of section 14-227b for refusing to submit to a blood, 90 breath or urine test or analysis until such operator's license has been 91 under suspension for a period of not less than ninety days.] A person 92 shall not be ineligible to be issued a special operator's permit under 93 this section solely on the basis of being convicted of two violations of 94 section 14-227a, as amended by this act, unless such second conviction 95 is for a violation committed after a prior conviction.

- 96 Sec. 4. Subsection (j) of section 14-111 of the general statutes is 97 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 98 1, 2014):
- 99 (j) Any person whose motor vehicle operator's license is suspended 100 by the commissioner and whose license is subsequently restricted to 101 the operation of a motor vehicle that is equipped with an approved, 102 ignition interlock device who fails to comply with the requirements for 103 the installation and use of such device in a motor vehicle owned or 104 operated by such person, as set forth in regulations adopted by the 105 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection (i) of 106 section 14-227a, as amended by this act, shall be subject to the 107 [resuspension] reinstatement of such suspension of the person's 108 operator's license [for such period of time, not to exceed the period of 109 the original suspension, as the commissioner may prescribe until such 110 person demonstrates to the commissioner's satisfaction that such 111 person intends to install and maintain the ignition interlock device for 112 the prescribed period.
- Sec. 5. Subsection (d) of section 14-111n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*

115 1, 2014):

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(d) If the commissioner is notified by a member jurisdiction that a person who is the holder of a motor vehicle operator's license has been convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section, the commissioner may consider the conviction as a second or subsequent violation of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, if such person has been convicted previously of a violation of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, or has been convicted previously of a substantially similar offense in a member jurisdiction, as shown by such person's driver control record, within the past ten years, and the commissioner may impose the suspension and require the person to install an ignition interlock device on each motor vehicle owned or operated by such person for the period of time required for a second or subsequent offense by the provisions of [subsection] subsections (g) and (h) of section 14-227a, as amended by this act. It shall not be a defense to a suspension imposed pursuant to this subsection, or subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section, that the blood alcohol concentration of the person convicted in a member jurisdiction, or the blood alcohol concentration required for conviction of a per se offense in the member jurisdiction in which the person was convicted, is less than the blood alcohol concentration required for conviction of a per se offense in this state.

- Sec. 6. Subsections (g) to (i), inclusive, of section 14-227a of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2014*):
- (g) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (a) of this section shall: (1) For conviction of a first violation, (A) be fined not less than five hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars, and (B) be (i) imprisoned not more than six months, forty-eight consecutive hours of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, or (ii) imprisoned not more than six months, with the execution of such sentence of imprisonment suspended entirely and a period of

probation imposed requiring as a condition of such probation that such person perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for forty-five days and, as a condition for the restoration of such license, be required to install an ignition interlock device on each motor vehicle owned or operated by such person and, upon such restoration, be prohibited for either the one-year period following such restoration or the period prescribed in subsection (i) of section 14-227b, as amended by this act, whichever period is longer, from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j; (2) for conviction of a second violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than one thousand dollars or more than four thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than two years, one hundred twenty consecutive days of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person: (i) Perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, (ii) submit to an assessment through the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch of the degree of such person's alcohol or drug abuse, and (iii) undergo a treatment program if so ordered, and (C) [(i) if such person is under twenty-one years of age at the time of the offense, have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for forty-five days or until the date of such person's twenty-first birthday, whichever is longer, and, as a condition for the restoration of such license, be required to install an ignition interlock device on each motor vehicle owned or operated by such person and, upon such restoration, be prohibited for the three-year period following such restoration from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227, except that for the first year of such three-year period, such person's operation of a motor vehicle shall be limited to such person's transportation to or

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from work or school, an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program or an ignition interlock device service center, or (ii) if such person is twenty-one years of age or older at the time of the offense,] have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended for forty-five days and, as a condition for the restoration of such license, be required to install an ignition interlock device on each motor vehicle owned or operated by such person and, upon such restoration, be prohibited for the three-year period following such restoration from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j, except that for the first year of such three-year period, such person's operation of a motor vehicle shall be limited to such person's transportation to or from work or school, an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program or an ignition interlock device service center; and (3) for conviction of a third and subsequent violation within ten years after a prior conviction for the same offense, (A) be fined not less than two thousand dollars or more than eight thousand dollars, (B) be imprisoned not more than three years, one year of which may not be suspended or reduced in any manner, and sentenced to a period of probation requiring as a condition of such probation that such person: (i) Perform one hundred hours of community service, as defined in section 14-227e, (ii) submit to an assessment through the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch of the degree of such person's alcohol or drug abuse, and (iii) undergo a treatment program if so ordered, and (C) have such person's motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege permanently revoked upon such third offense, except that if such person's revocation is reversed or reduced pursuant to subsection (i) of section 14-111, such person shall be prohibited from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j, for the time period prescribed in subdivision (2) of subsection (i) of section 14-111. For purposes of the imposition of penalties for a second or third and subsequent offense pursuant to this subsection, a conviction under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section in

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effect on October 1, 1981, or as amended thereafter, a conviction under the provisions of either subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section, a conviction under the provisions of section 53a-56b or 53a-60d or a conviction in any other state of any offense the essential elements of which are determined by the court to be substantially the same as subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of this section or section 53a-56b or 53a-60d, shall constitute a prior conviction for the same offense.

(h) (1) Each court shall report each conviction under subsection (a) of this section to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, in accordance with the provisions of section 14-141. The commissioner shall suspend the motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of the person reported as convicted for the period of time required by subsection (g) of this section. The commissioner shall determine the period of time required by said subsection (g) based on the number of convictions such person has had within the specified time period according to such person's driving history record, notwithstanding the sentence imposed by the court for such conviction. [(2) The motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of a person found guilty under subsection (a) of this section who is under eighteen years of age shall be suspended by the commissioner for the period of time set forth in subsection (g) of this section, or until such person attains the age of eighteen years, whichever period is longer. (3)] (2) The motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of a person found guilty under subsection (a) of this section who, at the time of the offense, was operating a motor vehicle in accordance with a special operator's permit issued pursuant to section 14-37a, as amended by this act, shall be suspended by the commissioner for twice the period of time set forth in subsection (g) of this section. [(4)] (3) If an appeal of any conviction under subsection (a) of this section is taken, the suspension of the motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege by the commissioner, in accordance with this subsection, shall be stayed during the pendency of such appeal.

(i) (1) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall permit a person

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whose license has been suspended in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) or subparagraph [(C)(i) or (C)(ii)] (C) of subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section to operate a motor vehicle if (A) such person has served either the suspension required under said subparagraph [, notwithstanding that such person has not completed serving any or the suspension required under subsection (i) of section 14-227b, as amended by this act, and (B) such person has installed an approved ignition interlock device in each motor vehicle owned or to be operated by such person, and verifies to the commissioner, in such manner as the commissioner prescribes, that such device has been installed. For a period of one year after the installation of an ignition interlock device by a person who is subject to subparagraph [(C)(i) or (C)(ii)] (C) of subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section, such person's operation of a motor vehicle shall be limited to such person's transportation to or from work or school, an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program or an ignition interlock device service center. Except as provided in sections 53a-56b and 53a-60d, no person whose license is suspended by the commissioner for any other reason shall be eligible to operate a motor vehicle equipped with an approved ignition interlock device.

- (2) All costs of installing and maintaining an ignition interlock device shall be borne by the person required to install such device. No court sentencing a person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of this section may waive any fees or costs associated with the installation and maintenance of an ignition interlock device.
- (3) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this subsection. The regulations shall establish procedures for the approval of ignition interlock devices, for the proper calibration and maintenance of such devices and for the installation of such devices by any firm approved and authorized by the commissioner and shall specify acts by persons required to install and use such devices that constitute a failure to comply with the requirements for the installation and use of such devices, the conditions under which such

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noncompliance will result in an extension of the period during which such persons are restricted to the operation of motor vehicles equipped with such devices and the duration of any such extension. The commissioner shall ensure that such firm provide notice to both the commissioner and the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch whenever a person required to install such device commits a violation with respect to the installation, maintenance or use of such device.

- (4) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to authorize the continued operation of a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device by any person whose operator's license or nonresident operating privilege is withdrawn, suspended or revoked for any other reason.
- (5) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to any person whose license has been suspended in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) or subparagraph [(C)(i) or (C)(ii)] (C) of subdivision (2) of subsection (g) of this section on or after January 1, 2012.
- (6) Whenever a person is permitted by the commissioner under this subsection to operate a motor vehicle if such person has installed an approved ignition interlock device in each motor vehicle owned or to be operated by such person, the commissioner shall indicate in the electronic record maintained by the commissioner pertaining to such person's operator's license or driving history that such person is restricted to operating a motor vehicle that is equipped with an ignition interlock device and, if applicable, that such person's operation of a motor vehicle is limited to such person's transportation to or from work or school, an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program or an ignition interlock device service center, and the duration of such restriction or limitation, and shall ensure that such electronic record is accessible by law enforcement officers. Any such person shall pay the commissioner a fee of one hundred dollars prior to the installation of such device.

(7) There is established the ignition interlock administration account which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account in the General Fund. The commissioner shall deposit all fees paid pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection in the account. Funds in the account may be used by the commissioner for the administration of this subsection.

- (8) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes to the contrary, upon request of any person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of this section whose operator's license is under suspension on January 1, 2012, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may reduce the term of suspension prescribed in subsection (g) of this section and place a restriction on the operator's license of such person that restricts the holder of such license to the operation of a motor vehicle that is equipped with an approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j, for the remainder of such prescribed period of suspension.
- (9) Any person required to install an ignition interlock device under this section shall be supervised by personnel of the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch while such person is subject to probation supervision or by personnel of the Department of Motor Vehicles if such person is not subject to probation supervision, and such person shall be subject to any other terms and conditions as the commissioner may prescribe and any provision of the general statutes or the regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection not inconsistent herewith.
- (10) Notwithstanding the periods prescribed in subsection (g) of this section and subdivision (2) of subsection (i) of section 14-111 during which a person is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, such periods may be extended in accordance with the regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection.
- Sec. 7. Section 14-227b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2014*):

(a) Any person who operates a motor vehicle in this state shall be deemed to have given such person's consent to a chemical analysis of such person's blood, breath or urine and, if such person is a minor, such person's parent or parents or guardian shall also be deemed to have given their consent.

(b) If any such person, having been placed under arrest for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or both, and thereafter, after being apprised of such person's constitutional rights, having been requested to submit to a blood, breath or urine test at the option of the police officer, having been afforded a reasonable opportunity to telephone an attorney prior to the performance of such test and having been informed that such person's license or nonresident operating privilege may be suspended in accordance with the provisions of this section if such person refuses to submit to such test, or if such person submits to such test and the results of such test indicate that such person has an elevated blood alcohol content, and that evidence of any such refusal shall be admissible in accordance with subsection (e) of section 14-227a and may be used against such person in any criminal prosecution, refuses to submit to the designated test, the test shall not be given; provided, if the person refuses or is unable to submit to a blood test, the police officer shall designate the breath or urine test as the test to be taken. The police officer shall make a notation upon the records of the police department that such officer informed the person that such person's license or nonresident operating privilege may be suspended if such person refused to submit to such test or if such person submitted to such test and the results of such test indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content.

(c) If the person arrested refuses to submit to such test or analysis or submits to such test or analysis, commenced within two hours of the time of operation, and the results of such test or analysis indicate that such person has an elevated blood alcohol content, the police officer, acting on behalf of the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, shall immediately revoke and take possession of the motor vehicle

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385 operator's license or, if such person is a nonresident, suspend the 386 nonresident operating privilege of such person, for a twenty-four-hour 387 period. The police officer shall prepare a report of the incident and shall mail or otherwise transmit in accordance with this subsection the 388 389 report and a copy of the results of any chemical test or analysis to the 390 Department of Motor Vehicles within three business days. The report 391 shall contain such information as prescribed by the Commissioner of 392 Motor Vehicles and shall be subscribed and sworn to under penalty of 393 false statement as provided in section 53a-157b by the arresting officer. 394 If the person arrested refused to submit to such test or analysis, the 395 report shall be endorsed by a third person who witnessed such refusal. 396 The report shall set forth the grounds for the officer's belief that there 397 was probable cause to arrest such person for a violation of subsection 398 (a) of section 14-227a and shall state that such person had refused to 399 submit to such test or analysis when requested by such police officer to 400 do so or that such person submitted to such test or analysis, 401 commenced within two hours of the time of operation, and the results 402 of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated 403 blood alcohol content. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may 404 accept a police report under this subsection that is prepared and 405 transmitted as an electronic record, including electronic signature or 406 signatures, subject to such security procedures as the commissioner 407 may specify and in accordance with the provisions of sections 1-266 to 408 1-286, inclusive. In any hearing conducted pursuant to the provisions 409 of subsection (g) of this section, it shall not be a ground for objection to 410 the admissibility of a police report that it is an electronic record 411 prepared by electronic means.

(d) If the person arrested submits to a blood or urine test at the request of the police officer, and the specimen requires laboratory analysis in order to obtain the test results, the police officer shall not take possession of the motor vehicle operator's license of such person or, except as provided in this subsection, follow the procedures subsequent to taking possession of the operator's license as set forth in subsection (c) of this section. If the test results indicate that such

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person has an elevated blood alcohol content, the police officer, immediately upon receipt of the test results, shall notify the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and submit to the commissioner the written report required pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

(e) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, upon receipt of such report, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may suspend any operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of such person effective as of a date certain, which date shall be not later than thirty days after the date such person received notice of such person's arrest by the police officer. Any person whose operator's license or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended in accordance with this subdivision shall automatically be entitled to a hearing before the commissioner to be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 and prior to the effective date of the suspension. The commissioner shall send a suspension notice to such person informing such person that such person's operator's license or nonresident operating privilege is suspended as of a date certain and that such person is entitled to a hearing prior to the effective date of the suspension and may schedule such hearing by contacting the Department of Motor Vehicles not later than seven days after the date of mailing of such suspension notice.

(2) If the person arrested (A) is involved in an accident resulting in a fatality, or (B) has previously had such person's operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended under the provisions of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, during the ten-year period preceding the present arrest, upon receipt of such report, the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may suspend any operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of such person effective as of the date specified in a notice of such suspension to such person. Any person whose operator's license or nonresident operating privilege has been suspended in accordance with this subdivision shall automatically be entitled to a hearing before the commissioner, to be held in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. The commissioner shall send a suspension notice to such person informing

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453 such person that such person's operator's license or nonresident 454 operating privilege is suspended as of the date specified in such 455 suspension notice, and that such person is entitled to a hearing and 456 may schedule such hearing by contacting the Department of Motor 457 Vehicles not later than seven days after the date of mailing of such 458 suspension notice. Any suspension issued under this subdivision shall 459 remain in effect until such suspension is affirmed or such operator's 460 license or nonresident operating privilege is reinstated in accordance 461 with subsections (f) and (h) of this section.

- (f) If such person does not contact the department to schedule a hearing, the commissioner shall affirm the suspension contained in the suspension notice for the appropriate period specified in subsection (i) [or (j)] of this section.
- (g) If such person contacts the department to schedule a hearing, the department shall assign a date, time and place for the hearing, which date shall be prior to the effective date of the suspension, except that, with respect to a person whose operator's license or nonresident operating privilege is suspended in accordance with subdivision (2) of subsection (e) of this section, such hearing shall be scheduled not later than thirty days after such person contacts the department. At the request of such person or the hearing officer and upon a showing of good cause, the commissioner may grant one or more continuances. The hearing shall be limited to a determination of the following issues: (1) Did the police officer have probable cause to arrest the person for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or both; (2) was such person placed under arrest; (3) did such person refuse to submit to such test or analysis or did such person submit to such test or analysis, commenced within two hours of the time of operation, and the results of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content; and (4) was such person operating the motor vehicle. In the hearing, the results of the test or analysis shall be sufficient to indicate the ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person at the time of operation, provided such test was commenced within two hours of the time of operation. The fees of

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any witness summoned to appear at the hearing shall be the same as provided by the general statutes for witnesses in criminal cases. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 52-143, any subpoena summoning a police officer as a witness shall be served not less than seventy-two hours prior to the designated time of the hearing.

- (h) If, after such hearing, the commissioner finds on any one of the said issues in the negative, the commissioner shall reinstate such license or operating privilege. If, after such hearing, the commissioner does not find on any one of the said issues in the negative or if such person fails to appear at such hearing, the commissioner shall affirm the suspension contained in the suspension notice for the appropriate period specified in subsection (i) [or (j)] of this section. The commissioner shall render a decision at the conclusion of such hearing and send a notice of the decision by bulk certified mail to such person. The notice of such decision sent by bulk certified mail to the address of such person as shown by the records of the commissioner shall be sufficient notice to such person that such person's operator's license or nonresident operating privilege is reinstated or suspended, as the case may be.
- (i) [Except as provided in subsection (j) of this section, the] (1) The commissioner shall suspend the operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of a person who did not contact the department to schedule a hearing, who failed to appear at a hearing, or against whom, as the result of a hearing held by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (h) of this section, as of the effective date contained in the suspension notice, for a period of [: (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, ninety days, if such person submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content, (B) one hundred twenty days, if such person submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that the ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person was sixteen-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, or (C) six months if such person

refused to submit to such test or analysis, (2) if such person has previously had such person's operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended under this section, (A) except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, nine months if such person submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content, (B) ten months if such person submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that the ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person was sixteen-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, and (C) one year if such person refused to submit to such test or analysis, and (3) if such person has two or more times previously had such person's operator's license or nonresident operating privilege suspended under this section, (A) except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, two years if such person submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content, (B) two and one-half years if such person submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that the ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person was sixteen-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, and (C) three years if such person refused to submit to such test or analysis] forty-five days. As a condition for the restoration of such operator's license or nonresident operating privilege, such person shall be required to install an ignition interlock device on each motor vehicle owned or operated by such person and, upon such restoration, be prohibited for either the period of time prescribed in subdivision (2) of this subsection or for the period prescribed in subsection (g) of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, whichever is longer, from operating a motor vehicle unless such motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning, approved ignition interlock device, as defined in section 14-227j.

(2) (A) A person twenty-one years of age or older at the time of the offense who submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol

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content shall install and maintain an ignition interlock device for the following periods: (i) For a first offense under this section, six months; (ii) for a second offense under this section, one year; and (iii) for a third or subsequent offense under this section, two years; (B) a person under twenty-one years of age at the time of the offense who submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content shall maintain an ignition interlock device for the following periods: (i) For a first offense under this section, one year; (ii) for a second offense under this section, two years; and (C) a person, regardless of age, who refused to submit to a test or analysis shall maintain an ignition interlock device for the following periods: (i) For a first offense under this section, one year; (ii) for a second offense under this section, one year; (ii) for a second offense under this section, two years; and (iii) for a third or subsequent offense under this section, two years; and (iii) for a third or subsequent offense, under this section, three years.

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, a person whose motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege has been permanently revoked upon a third offense pursuant to subsection (g) of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in subdivision (2) of subsection (i) of section 14-111.
- [(j) The commissioner shall suspend the operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of a person under twenty-one years of age who did not contact the department to schedule a hearing, who failed to appear at a hearing or against whom, after a hearing the commissioner held pursuant to subsection (h) of this section, as of the effective date contained in the suspension notice or the date the commissioner renders a decision whichever is later, for twice the appropriate period of time specified in subsection (i) of this section, except that, in the case of a person who is sixteen or seventeen years of age at the time of the alleged offense, the period of suspension for a first offense shall be one year if such person submitted to a test or analysis and the results of such test or analysis indicated that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content or eighteen months if

such person refused to submit to such test or analysis.]

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[(k)] (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) to [(j)] (i), inclusive, of this section, any police officer who obtains the results of a chemical analysis of a blood sample taken from or a urine sample provided by an operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident who suffered or allegedly suffered physical injury in such accident, or is otherwise deemed by a police officer to require treatment or observation at a hospital, shall notify the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and submit to the commissioner a written report if such results indicate that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content, and if such person was arrested for violation of section 14-227a, as amended by this act, in connection with such accident. The report shall be made on a form approved by the commissioner containing such information as the commissioner prescribes, and shall be subscribed and sworn to under penalty of false statement, as provided in section 53a-157b, by the police officer. The commissioner may, after notice and an opportunity for hearing, which shall be conducted by a hearing officer on behalf of the commissioner in accordance with chapter 54, suspend the motor vehicle operator's license or nonresident operating privilege of such person for the appropriate period of time specified in subsection (i) [or (j)] of this section. Each hearing conducted under this subsection shall be limited to a determination of the following issues: (1) Whether the police officer had probable cause to arrest the person for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drug or both; (2) whether such person was placed under arrest; (3) whether such person was operating the motor vehicle; (4) whether the results of the analysis of the blood or urine of such person indicate that such person had an elevated blood alcohol content; and (5) in the event that a blood sample was taken, whether the blood sample was obtained in accordance with conditions for admissibility and competence as evidence as set forth in subsection (k) of section 14-227a. If, after such hearing, the commissioner finds on any one of the said issues in the negative, the commissioner shall not impose a suspension. The fees of

any witness summoned to appear at the hearing shall be the same as provided by the general statutes for witnesses in criminal cases, as provided in section 52-260.

- [(l)] (k) The provisions of this section shall apply with the same effect to the refusal by any person to submit to an additional chemical test as provided in subdivision (5) of subsection (b) of section 14-227a.
- [(m)] (1) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person whose physical condition is such that, according to competent medical advice, such test would be inadvisable.
 - [(n)] (m) The state shall pay the reasonable charges of any physician who, at the request of a municipal police department, takes a blood sample for the purposes of a test under the provisions of this section.
 - [(o)] (n) For the purposes of this section, "elevated blood alcohol content" means (1) a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is eight-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, (2) if such person is operating a commercial motor vehicle, a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is four-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight, or (3) if such person is less than twenty-one years of age, a ratio of alcohol in the blood of such person that is two-hundredths of one per cent or more of alcohol, by weight.
 - [(p)] (o) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement the provisions of this section."

This act sha sections:	ll take effect as follows	and shall amend the following
Section 1	October 1, 2013	53-21
Sec. 2	July 1, 2014	14-36(g)
Sec. 3	July 1, 2014	14-37a(b)
Sec. 4	July 1, 2014	14-111(j)
Sec. 5	July 1, 2014	14-111n(d)
Sec. 6	July 1, 2014	14-227a(g) to (i)

LCO No. 7885

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